

Milleewa Home for Boys

1919 - 1966

Other Names: • Milleewa Estate

· Church of England Home for Boys

Details

Milleewa was a boys' home that was established by the Anglican Homes for Children Association in 1919. It was located in Ashfield and housed approximately 20 boys aged from five to 14 who were 'without homes or not under parental control'. For six months during World War II the Church Mission Society leased a portion of the home as a hostel for Aboriginal women and children evacuated from Croker Island, in the Northern Territory. In 1966 Milleewa was converted to Charlton Boys' Home and Hostel.

The original residence 'Milleewa' was built between 1857 and 1867 by Nicholas Eager, a draper, as a family home. It was a two storey brick house, with a galvanised iron roof and wide verandahs on three sides.

The Anglican Homes for Children Association purchased the house and outbuildings in 1919 and converted it to a boys' home. Extra washing and bathroom facilities were added, the upstairs rooms were converted to sleeping quarters and the vegetable gardens and orchards were retained. The outbuildings were converted to use as a gymnasium and carpenter's shop. Matron Connor was the first matron, and served the home for nine years. Her daughter replaced her in the role.

A Sydney Morning Herald article dated 30 January 1919 reported the opening:

The dedication and opening of the Milleewa Boys' Home in Brunswick-parade, Ashfield, was attended by several hundred people. Mr Arthur Yates, President of the Anglican Homes for Children Association, presided.

After a brief dedication service had been conducted by the Archbishop of Sydney, the opening ceremony was performed by Lady Davidson, who spoke of the great need for homes of this class, and also of the magnificent generosity of those who had subscribed.

Arthur Yates was the founder of Arthur Yates & Co Ltd, the garden supply company. From 1920 to at least 1933 the president of Milleewa was Mrs John Lapish, Lady Mayoress of Ashfield.

In 1925 the Anglican Homes for Children Annual Report stated that Milleewa held twenty boys from all over New South Wales who had lost one or both parents. The sons of soldiers were given preference. Boys attended the Parish Church of St James, Croydon and went to school at Ashfield Superior Public School. If parents could contribute to the boy's maintenance they were encouraged to, and the boys' friends could visit on Sundays. At the home the boys slept in the 'sleeping-out balcony', in the open air.

For six months during World War II the Church Mission Society leased a portion of the home as a hostel for Aboriginal women and children evacuated from Croker Island, in the Northern Territory. The rental was 4 guineas per week.

In the 1960s the Milleewa Committee noted a decline in the number of younger boys needing care so handed the Home and other assets to the Anglican Home Mission Society in 1966.

In 1966 the original house was demolished and new buildings constructed for a new Charlton Boys' Home and hostel, run by the Anglican Home Mission Society. In 1991 the site was sold to the Presbyterian Church for use as an aged care facility but the proposal was rejected. The site was then sold to a developer. The archaeological significance of the site was assessed in 2001 by Godden, Mackay, Logan.

Gallery



The original Milleewa

Description: This is a copy of an image owned by Anglicare Out of Home Services.

More info

Related Entries

Run by

Anglican Homes for Children Association (1918 - c. 1966)

Related Events

• Interstate movement of Northern Territory children (1930s - 1970s)

Related Organisations

• Windsor Farm Home for Boys (1923 - 1928)

Milleewa Home for Boys and Windsor Farm Home for Boys were both run by Anglican Homes for Children and boys who had reached the age of 13 were sent from Milleewa to Windsor.

Date: 1923 - 1928

Church Missionary Society Home for Half-Castes, Mulgoa (1942 - 1949)

Part of Milleewa Home for Boys was leased for six months in 1942 by the Church Missionary Society as accommodation for the evacuees from Croker Island and the Northern Territory

Date: 1942 - 1943?

• Church Missionary Society of Australia (1916 - current)

The Church Missionary Society of Australia leased part of Milleewa Home for Boys during World War II, to accommodate Aboriginal children evacuated from the Northern Territory.

Date: 1942 - 1943

• Charlton Boys' Home, Ashfield (1966 - 1970s)

Charlton Boys' Home was located on the site of Milleewa.

• Crusaders Camp Mission Hostel (1940? - 1946?)

Some of the children from Crusaders Camp Mission Hostel were sent to Milleewa.

Date: 1942 - 1943

Croker Island Mission (1940 - 1968)

Resources

- Anglican Homes for Children Association (N.S.W.): D.S. Ford, <u>Annual report of the Anglican Homes for Children including Milleewa Home for Boys Ashfield and the Windsor Farm Home for Boys Freeman's Reach, Windsor / Anglican Homes for Children Association.</u>, 1925 1940
- Henty-Gebert, Claire, Paint me black: memories of Croker Island and other journeys, 2011
- Bezant, Betty, Our river days: a reflection of childhood memories, 1942-1946: children from Otford, New South Wales and Croker Island, Northern Territory, 2008
- McGregor, Steven [director], Croker Island exodus, 2012
- Half-Caste Children. From Croker Island. On Way to Sydney., Cairns Post, 20 May 1942
- In Equity, They Sydney Morning Herald, 11 March 1933
- Long journey for Aboriginal children, The Argus, 20 May 1942

Other Resources



Title: Cover of Anglican Home Mission Society 'Action'

Type: Image

Date: December 1966

Details

Records

For more information and to access your records, follow the links below:

Records

- Church Missionary Society of Australia, North Australia Committee (1907 1989)
- Church Missionary Society (New South Wales) Records (1893 2003)

You can view this page online by visiting https://www.findandconnect.gov.au/entity/milleewa-home-for-boys/