

# Chandler Boys' Farm

1932 – 1937

**Other Names:** • Chandler Boys' Farm Scheme

## Details

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Chandler Boys' Farm was established in 1932 on a property at Seven Hills on the banks of the Collie River at Roelands. It was a privately-run training centre for up to 20 unemployed boys aged over 14 years who were selected for placement. Some had parents who paid fees, but others were subsidised.

The farm was named after Mr TC Chandler, headmaster of the Perth Boys' School, who initiated the scheme in 1931 as boys leaving school during the Depression were finding it difficult to get work. It was run by the Chandler Boys' Settlement Scheme (Inc.) which was established for the purpose. The president of the committee was Mr LB Bolton, MLC and the scheme had a lot of political support. The farm ran at very little cost, relying on donations and the sale of produce.

Chandler Boys' Farm began with [seven boys living in tents](#) being trained in farm skills. By the end of its first year, 18 boys were in residence and visitors at the official opening ceremony in October 1933 were fed on produce from the farm.

By October 1934, [four trainees had been given individual plots of ground to farm](#). They would continue to live at Chandler and 'be amenable to camp discipline', working full time on their blocks 'under the general supervision of the manager' according to a newspaper report at the time.

In the second half of 1936, other trainees were placed on their [own farms at Jardee](#). Money they had saved from their employment at Chandler provided deposits on the land, with finance arranged through the Agricultural bank. Others had received help from family to acquire farms, or entered into share farm agreements.

In February 1937, after the death of Mr Chandler and illness of the President, Mr Bolton, the committee was unable to raise more money to support the venture. They appealed to the Lotteries Commission, which gave some support, but the farm could not overcome losses sustained in the last year of its operations. In its refusal to give additional support, the Lotteries Commission said that there was no longer the need for such a scheme by 1937, there had been few applicants to the farm school, the capital costs were not justified by the small number of trainees and there was a greater need in the community for boys to be trained directly on farms in need of labour.

Around 120 boys had been trainees at the Chandler Boys' Farm during 1932 and 1937, when it closed.

By July 1938, Mr Albany Bell, who owned the property, had [received government approval](#) to establish the Roelands Native Mission Farm there.

## Gallery



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## Self help

**Description:** 'Self help' is a digital copy of an image of Chandler Boys' Farm from *The West Australian* that is published on the National Library of Australia's website, *Trove*. The caption reads, 'This neat mud hut was built on the Chander boys' farm at Seven Hills by the four lads seen above. The hut, which now houses them, was erected without any outside assistance.'

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## More info

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### Related Entries

#### Related Organisations

- [Roelands Native Mission Farm \(1938 - 1975\)](#)

Roelands Native Mission Farm was located on the land at Seven Hills that had previously been used for the Chandler Boys' Farm.

### Resources

- Vincenti, Heather & Dickman, Deborah, [Too Many Tears: document transcripts](#), 2008
  - Vincenti, Heather; Dickman, Deborah, *Too Many Tears: an autobiographical account of stolen generations*, 2008
  - [Interview with Albany Bell, by A.R. Wright](#), 1957
  - Western Australia. Child Welfare Department, [Annual Report of the Child Welfare Department](#), 1928 - 1972
  - [Motion - youthful delinquents, detention conditions](#), Hansard Archive 1870 to 1995, 2 March 1943. *Relevance:* p.2611
  - [The Success of Bundidup](#), Sunday Times, 20 October 1935
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