

Northern Territory Aboriginals Act 1910, Northern Territory

1910 – 1918

Details

The Northern Territory Aboriginals Act 1910 (SA) (Act no. 1024/1910) was assented to on 7 December 1919. The Act was repealed by Aboriginals Ordinance 1910 (Act No. 9/1918) on 13 June 1918. The Northern Territory Aboriginals Act 1910 established the Northern Territory Aboriginals Department. This department was responsible for the control and welfare of Aboriginal people in the Northern Territory. Under the Act, the Chief Protector was made the legal guardian of every Aboriginal child. The Act allowed for regulations to be made for the 'care, custody and education of the children of aboriginals'. This included the power to transfer children to 'aboriginal institutions' and 'industrial schools'. This Act was the first and only legislation passed in South Australia which related to Aboriginal people in the Northern Territory.

More info

Chronology

- **Northern Territory Aboriginals Act 1910, Northern Territory (1910 – 1918)**
 - Aboriginals Ordinance 1918, Northern Territory (1918 - 1953)
 - Welfare Ordinance 1953, Northern Territory (1957 - 1964)
 - Social Welfare Ordinance 1964, Northern Territory (1964 - 1984)
 - Community Welfare Act 1983, Northern Territory (1984 - 2008)
 - Care and Protection of Children Act 2007, Northern Territory (2008 - current)

Related Entries

Is amended by

- [Aboriginals Ordinance 1911, Northern Territory \(1912 - 1918\)](#)

Related Organisations

- [Chief Protector of Aborigines, Northern Territory, South Australian Government \(1910\)](#)
- [Chief Protector of Aborigines, Northern Territory, Australian Government \(1911 - 1939\)](#)
- [Northern Territory Aboriginals Department, South Australian Government \(1910 - 1928\)](#)

Related Concepts

- [Law in the Northern Territory \(1863 - current\)](#)